Centripetal skater’s manual oedema

This doctor’s indulgence in rigorous physical activity led to the realisation of a novel clinical entity. As an active sportsman and ex-ice hockey player, currently living in a hot climate, I have had to sublimate my sporting activities to infrequent inline roller skate street journeys. Recently, on a day of a very pressed schedule, I attempted to concentrate a week’s exercise into one concise session. After an hour and fifteen minutes of intense exertion, rapidly skating up and down hills and valleys, over good and not so good paved surfaces, I experienced an unexpected heaviness and tightness in the tips of my fingers. Later I noticed that the simple task of clenching my fists was not fully possible, and this was more accentuated in the right hand (the more dominant of the two). Within the course of a couple of hours the whole condition spontaneously subsided.

I had never suffered such events, no concurrent pathology existed in any body system, and I have remained healthy since. The working hypothesis to explain this phenomenon must be that the rhythmic swaying and waving of the outstretched arms in a circular arc resulted in increased centripetal force of hydrostatic pressure in the distal parts of the upper limbs. This overwhelming pressure overcame the compensation mechanisms of the lymphatic system to drain the hands. Axillary pressure from the straps of a small backpack carried during the whole journey may have compounded the effect, although it also contained a mobile telephone and a small bottle of water.

Bizarre and not always innocent diagnoses have been made in the pathogenesis of limb oedema.  The resulting hydrostatic effects of physical exertion of the lower limbs are well documented.

Conclusions

The results show that the subjects made significant improvements in hexagonal hop times with no difference in the distance hopped. This leads to the conclusion that, despite muscular fatigue, ankles appear to be more stable after exercise. Does exercise induce an increase in afferent/efferent nerve impulses to and from muscle spindles around the ankle leading to improved joint position sense?

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References


PostScript

Effects of fatigue on ankle stability and proprioception in university sportspersons

Objectives

To assess the effect of fatigue from sporting activity on ankle stability and proprioception in university sportspersons at the University of Southampton. A wide range of sporting activity was included from taekwon-do to indoor football.

Methods

Subjects were recruited from Southampton University sports facilities. They agreed to perform two dynamic tests before and after their usual sport. (1) A horizontal hop test starting and finishing on the same foot. The best distance from three attempts was recorded. (2) A hexagonal hop test: the subjects hopped around a hexagon marked on the ground in either a clockwise or anticlockwise direction as quickly as possible. The quickest attempt out of three was recorded.

Results

The means before and after exercise were compared using a Student’s t test. Both tests were set at the 5% significance level.

Horizontal hop test (n = 40)

A Student’s t test was used to compare the best time for the hexagonal hop test before and after exercise. The t value was 3.95, indicating a significant improvement in hop time after exercise.

Conclusion

The results show that the subjects made significant improvements in hexagonal hop times with no difference in the distance hopped. This leads to the conclusion that, despite muscular fatigue, ankles appear to be more stable after exercise. Does exercise induce an increase in afferent/efferent nerve impulses to and from muscle spindles around the ankle leading to improved joint position sense?

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References


Intense training in elite female athletes: evidence of reduced growth and delayed maturation

In their recent article Intensive training in elite young female athletes, Baxter-Jones and Maffulli reviewed 18 studies and concluded “training does not appear to affect growth and maturation.” We have two concerns about this conclusion. Firstly, we agree that analyses of cross sectional and cohort data in this population are confounded by sampling bias; gymnasts who are successful at an elite level are likely to be self selected by their small stature and delayed maturation. Furthermore, data from cross sectional and cohort studies are often averaged. This “group” approach provides little information about individual growth patterns. Thus, in the review by Baxter-Jones and Maffulli, and the literature at large, an important basic question has been overlooked: is there any evidence that growth and/or maturation are adversely affected in some athletes and if so, what is the frequency of this condition?

Secondly, in contrast with their findings, our analysis of over 35 clinical reports (cross sectional, historical, and prospective cohort studies) indicates that elite level gymnasts may be at risk of adverse effects on growth.

We reported that the increased magnitude of the delay in skeletal maturation with training in an adolescent female gymnast was not associated with the occurrence of catch up growth during periods of reduced training or retirement; provides evidence that growth and maturation may be affected in some instances. Furthermore, in contrast with the interpretations made by Baxter-Jones and Maffulli of our data, we did report an association between reduced growth and years of gymnastic training, and that the deficits were greater at the growth rate than appendicular skeleton. We also reported that gymnasts who restricted energy intake appeared to be at greatest risk.

We agree with Baxter-Jones and Maffulli that a cause-effect relationship between gymnastics training and inadequate growth of girls has not been shown; there have been no randomised controlled trials. However, this does not mean there is no evidence for inadequate growth among female gymnasts – some athletes are coerced by group means and ignore variability about the mean, then gymnasts who are at increased risk of reduced growth may be overlooked. We recommend that the growth of all young elite female gymnasts should be monitored regularly. Any gymnast who falls behind in growth—that is, across two major centiles of the growth chart—should undergo a complete evaluation for underlying pathology even when height is below the fifth centile. This may be normal short stature, but the clinical criterion warrants assessment.

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References


www.bjsportmed.com
Spoilsports (understanding and preventing sexual exploitation in sport)


The book is targeted at everyone involved in sport: coaches, doctors, scientists, administrators, parents, and participants.

Celia Brackenridge is internationally acclaimed for her work in uncovering the story of sexual exploitation in sport and offering explanations about why it occurs. She is uniquely qualified by her professional expertise in sex in the sociology of sport and by her own experience as coach and athlete at elite level in the sport of lacrosse. It is very brave to pursue a line of research that always creates immediate resistance from the audience (“that can’t be happening in our sport/profession”). It is also personally harrowing to investigate this issue with the victims and find support to cope with what is heard. The production of this book is therefore a culmination of several years of difficult research. It is clear to me that all of us involved in sport must read this book and be aware of the issues. Those of us in higher education must also put this book on the reading list for “ethical issues” topics in curricula for all sport related degrees.

The title is great. Sport should be fun and run within a set of rules that are clear to all. But sexual exploitation within sport is a breach of rules and most certainly will spoil sport (and lives) for many (and who knows how many) individuals. The first two parts of the book provide evidence for the complex issue of sexual exploitation in sport and reasoning about why it may occur. If anyone reads this and continues to think that sexual exploitation cannot be happening in their sport or profession because there are no specific examples, then they must think again. Evidence suggests that exploitation will be happening in all areas of sport, and Brackenridge challenges us to become aware of that and then to take steps to prevent it. The third and fourth parts of the book offer a challenge to change the way sport is managed and how researchers can assist in this change in order that sexual exploitation is dealt with.

Sports Medicine Course
3–10 August 2002, Vancouver, Canada
Further details: Cathy Means; tel: +1 608 263 6637; fax: +1 608 262 8421; email: cjmeans@facstaff.wisc.edu

Kinesiology—New Perspectives.
3rd International Scientific Conference
25–29 September 2002, Opatija, Croatia
Further details: Conference Office, Faculty of Kinesiology, 10,000 Zagreb, Horvacsancki zavod 15, Croatia; tel: +385 1 3658 666; fax: +385 1 3634 146; email: natalja.babic@ffk.hr

Evening Tutorials II: The ankle, anatomy, examination, biomechanics, surgical procedures, and rehab, with practical sessions
Autumn 2002, Edinburgh
Further details: Dr Faith Gardner, 73a London Rd, Kilmanrock, Ayrshire; tel: (0)1563 537306

The Queen's Golden Jubilee and Post Commonwealth Games
BASEM Congress 2002
10–13 October 2002, The Low Wood Hotel and Conference Centre, Windermere, Cumbria, UK

Keynote lecturers
Professor Stuart M McGill (Canada), will lecture on “Low back exercise: the foundation for building the best programme” and present a workshop on “a programme to enhance spine stability.” Assistant Professor Karim Khan (Canada), will lecture on “Better management of tendinopathies” and “Physical activity and bone health.” Other speakers include: Professor Dr med Hans H Paessler (Germany) lecturing on “Current concepts in knee ligament reconstruction following sports injuries” and “Rehabilitation after cruciate ligament reconstruction”; Mr Peter Hamlyn (United Kingdom), Chairman of the Government Medical Working Group. Report on Safety and Medicine in Sport, will open and Chair a discussion on progress one year on from the report.

A full programme is available on our website www.bjsportmed.com.

Further details: Mr Sue Roberts, BASEM Company Office, 12 Greenside Ave, Froxham, Cheshire WA5 7SA, UK; tel/fax: +44 (0)1928 732 961; email: basemoffice@compuserve.com

Web site: www.basem.co.uk

Please visit our website for a full programme.

Sports Medicine of Australia
2002 Australian Conference
12–16 October 2002, Carlton Crest Hotel, Melbourne, Australia

Keynote speakers include Dr Bill Evans, Professor Tom Rowland, and Dr Glenn Singleman.

Further details: Kate Gulliver, Sports Medicine Australia, PO Box 237, Dickson ACT 2602; tel: +02 6230 4650; fax: +02 6230 9508; email: smith.conf@sm.org.au; Carlton Crest Hotel contact details: 62 Queens Road, Melbourne VIC 3004, Australia; tel: +61 3 9526 7470; fax: +61 3 9526 7400.

Celebrating 50 years of Orthopaedics in Singapore
13–16 October 2002, Singapore

In conjunction with the 25th Singapore Orthopaedic Association Meeting, 22nd Asian Orthopaedic Association Meeting, 5th Combined Meeting of Spinal and Paediatric Sections—APOA, 7th Meeting of Sports Medicine Section—APOA, 3rd Meeting of Asia-Pacific Orthopaedic Society for Sports Medicine.

Further details: 2002 COM Secretariat, c/o Dept of Orthopaedic Surgery, National University Hospital, 5 Lower Kent Ridge Road, Singapore 119074, Republic of Singapore; tel: +65 772 4340; fax: +65 778 0720; email: secretariat@soa.org.sg


BASICS Immediate Care Course

This five day residential course is primarily aimed at those with extensive experience in immediate care, this course will develop and enhance the necessary skills to deal with all medical and other emergencies in pre-hospital medicine.

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Web site: www.basics.org.uk

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For full details, please contact Mrs Sue Roberts, BASEM, 12 Greenside Ave, Froxham, Cheshire WA5 7SA, UK.
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Further details BASICS Education Ltd; tel: +44 (0) 870 165 4999; fax: +44 (0)870 165 4949; email: educ@basics.org.uk
Web site: www.basics.org.uk

The 5th Asian Federation of Sports Medicine Congress
24–27 October 2002, Seoul, South Korea
Further details: AFSMC 2002 Seoul Secretariat, Hanlim Travel Service Ltd, (c/o Young CHANG) Marine Center New Bldg 5th Fl, #51, Songdong-dong, Chung-gu, Seoul 100–770, South Korea; tel: +822 726 5555; fax: +822 778 2514; email: ychang@kaltour.com
Web site: http://www.afsmc2002.or.kr

Australian College of Sports Physicians (ACSP) 2002 Conference in conjunction with the New Zealand Sports Medicine Conference
30 October–3 November 2002, Christchurch, NZ
Keynote speaker will be Assistant Professor Karim Khan from Vancouver, Canada.
Further details: Rob Campbell; email: rcampbel@sportsmed-nz.co.nz
Web site: www.acsp.com.au

Skills Course in Musculoskeletal Ultrasound
6–8 January 2003, Oxford, UK
Further details: Alison Davies, Department of Radiology, Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre, Headington, Oxford, OX3 7LD, UK; tel: +44 (0)1865 227765; fax: +44 (0)1865 227347; email: alison.davies@noc.anglox.nhs.uk
Web site: www.bjsportmed.com

BASICS Refresher course
28–29 November 2002, Madingley Hall, Cambridge, UK
This two day course is directed at previous participants on the pre-hospital emergency care and immediate care courses. The aim is to maintain and update skills, incorporating the latest developments in pre-hospital care.
Further details: BASICS Education Ltd; tel: +44 (0) 870 165 4999; fax: +44 (0)870 165 4949; email: educ@basics.org.uk
Web site: www.basics.org.uk

2nd World Congress of Science and Medicine in Cricket
4–7 February 2003, University of Port Elizabeth, South Africa
Further details: Dr Richard Stretch, University of Port Elizabeth, PO Box 1600, Port Elizabeth 6000, South Africa; tel: +27 41 5042584; fax: +27 41 5832605; email: sparas@upe.ac.za

3rd Quebec International Symposium on Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation Evidence Based Interventions: Science to the Art of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation
11–13 May 2003, Quebec City Convention Center, Quebec, Canada
Call for abstracts deadline is 1 November 2002. The abstract submission form and complete programme can be printed from the web site.
Further details: email: Jean.Jobin@med.ulaval.ca
Web site: www.ulaval.ca/symposium

The 6th STMS World Congress on Medicine and Science in Tennis in conjunction with the LTA 2004 Sports Science, Sports Medicine and Performance Coaching Conference
Keynote speakers include Professor Per Rennstrom (SWE), Professor Peter Jokl (USA), Professor Savio Woo (USA), Dr Carol Otis (USA), Dr Mark Safran (USA), Dr Ben Kibler (USA), Prof Bruce Elliott (AUS), and Professor Ron Maugham (UK).
Further details: Dr Michael Turner, The Lawn Tennis Association, The Queen’s Club, London W14 9EG, United Kingdom; email: michael.turner@lta.org.uk
Web site: www.lta.org.uk

NOTES AND NEWS

Diploma in Sport and Exercise Medicine for Great Britain and Ireland
Details for the above exam can be found on the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh Website at http://www.rcsed.ac.uk alternative applicants can write to: The Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Eligibilities Section, Careers Information Services, 3 Hill Place, Edinburgh; tel: +44 (0)131 668 9222 or Mrs Yvonne Gilbert, Intercollegiate Academic Board for Sport and Exercise Medicine, Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, Nicolson Street, Edinburgh EH8 9DW; tel: +44 (0)131 527 3409; email: ygilbert@rcsed.ac.uk

www.basem.co.uk
The British Association of Sport and Exercise Medicine has launched its new website—www.basem.co.uk. The site provides information about the educational opportunities in sport and exercise medicine and advice to those wishing to become involved in this area.

Interested in Sports Medicine?
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The Centre for Sports Medicine Research and Education is a multidisciplinary Centre located in the Faculty of Medicine, Dentistry and Health Sciences at the University of Melbourne, Australia. It combines world-class researchers and clinicians working in the area of sports medicine.

Research Higher Degrees
The Centre offers Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Master of Sports Medicine, Master of Physiotherapy, Master of Science, and Doctor of Medicine degrees. These are available to graduates of health and medical science courses such as physical therapy, medicine and human movement.

Educational programme
The Centre offers a one month full time Postgraduate Certificate in Sports Physiotherapy: spine, pelvis, and lower limb. Instructors are leading clinical experts and researchers in the multidisciplinary approach to sports medicine. The Certificate will run from Nov 4–29 in 2002.
Please contact: A/Professor Peter Brukner: p.brukner@unimelb.edu.au (Research Degrees), A/Professor Kim Bennell: k.bennell@unimelb.edu.au (Research Degrees), Mr Henry Wajswelner: h.wajswelner@unimelb.edu.au (Certificate Courses).

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NCPAD NEWS
A monthly publication of the National Center on Physical Activity and Disability NCPAD is the leading source for information about organisations, programmes, and facilities nationwide providing accessible physical activity and recreation. NCPAD also has a large and growing online library of fact sheets, monographs, and contact information on physical activity and recreation for people with disabilities.
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