

height of 177.8 ± 5.82 and mean weight of 64.26 ± 7.07 were used. Characteristics of anthropometric and physiological and their relationship for the athletes were measured. The Pearson regression with ($p \leq 0.05$) was used for this analysis. From 41 variables 8 of them had a meaningful relationship with the performance of athletes which from these body fat mass (kg) and percentage of fat (%) had a positive and meaningful relationship with the performance and a negative and meaningful relationship between distribution of fat and performance. Between $VO_2\text{max}$ (ml/min/kg), anaerobic power, $VO_2\text{max LT}$ (ml/min) and the performance there was a negative and meaningful relationship. Between rest heart rate, breath rate and the performance there was a positive and meaningful relationship.

128 **THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ANTHROPOMETRIC AND PHYSIOLOGICAL VARIABLES ELITE DISTANCE AND MIDDLE DISTANCE RUNNERS OF IRANIAN NATIONAL TEAM**

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The purpose of this research is to define the relationship between anthropometric and physiological variables in elite distance and middle distance runners of Iranian national athletics team for the 3000 m performance. To do this, a sample of 30 elite runners with the mean age of 21.10 ± 0.63 and mean