Outcome measures	Difference between groups (baseline adjusted) or risk ratio		
	Month 3 minus month 0 (n=556)	Month 6 minus month 0 (n=540)	Month 12 minus month 0 (n=509)
	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con
CPM from accelerometer	Not assessed	18.09 (1.35 to 34.83; 0.03) ^a	4.78 (-20.26 to 29.83; 0.70) ^b
Daily steps IPEQ (hours/week)	Not assessed	558 (248 to 868; <0.001)	429 (20 to 840; 0.04)
Incidental activity	-1.20 (-3.26 to 0.85; 0.25)	-0.73 (-3.01 to 1.54; 0.53)	0.87 (-2.02 to 3.76; 0.56)
Walking activity	1.02 (0.22 to 1.82; 0.01)	0.89 (0.16 to 1.63; 0.02)	1.11 (0.50 to 1.72; <0.001)
Planned activity	1.49 (0.48 to 2.50; 0.004)	0.87 (0.09 to 1.64; 0.03)	1.40 (0.47 to 2.34; 0.003)
Planned walking activities	0.79 (0.12 to 1.46; 0.02)	0.53 (0.09 to 0.98; 0.02)	0.84 (0.28 to 1.39; 0.003)
Planned sport activities	0.55 (-0.80 to 1.19; 0.09)	0.37 (-0.17 to 0.90; 0.18)	0.63 (0.09 to 1.18; 0.02)
Fotal score	0.16 (-1.88 to 2.18; 0.88)	0.09 (-2.43 to 2.62; 0.94)	2.30 (-0.43 to 5.02; 0.10)
Device-measured sedentary, light, and moderate t	o vigorous physical activity (MVPA)		
Sedentary (minutes/week)*	Not assessed	7.34 (-12.73 to 27.42; 0.47)	20.35 (-8.45 to 49.16; 0.16)
Light intensity (minutes/week)*	Not assessed	8.38 (-3.51 to 20.27; 0.17)	7.39 (-4.36 to 19.15; 0.22)
MVPA (minutes/week)*	Not assessed	26.66 (9.07 to 44.25; 0.003)	7.23 (-18.64 to 33.11; 0.58)
Meet recommendation of 150 min per week of MVPA [#]	Not assessed	1.18 (0.93 to 1.50; 0.16)	1.02 (0.80 to 1.32; 0.85)
COMPAS-W scale (raw score 26-130)*	1.05 (-0.11 to 2.22; 0.08)	1.49 (0.21 to 2.77; 0.02)	1.14 (-0.15 to 2.43; 0.08)
EQ-5D-5L quality of life			
Health utility score -0.68 to 1)	0.03 (0.008 to 0.05; 0.007)	0.03 (0.004 to 0.05; 0.02)	0.02 (-0.006 to 0.04; 0.14)
VAS score (0-100)	1.22 (-0.57 to 2.99; 0.18)	1.22 (-0.83 to 3.28; 0.24)	1.9 (0.24 to 3.54; 0.02)
WHO Disability Assessment Schedule 2.0 (raw core 12–60) [§]	-0.20 (-0.68 to 0.29; 0.43)	-0.48 (-1.07 to 0.09; 0.1)	-0.64 (-1.22 to -0.05; 0.04)
Australian Dietary Guidelines			
Number of vegetables serves	-0.39 (-0.58 to -0.19; <0.001)	-0.22 (-0.45 to 0.01; 0.06)	-0.23 (-0.44 to -0.02; 0.03)
Number of fruits serves	-0.10 (-0.25 to 0.035 0.18)	-0.15 (-0.30 to 0.01; 0.08)	-0.01 (-0.16 to 0.14; 0.89)
BMI	Not assessed	-0.05 (-0.36 to 0.26; 0.75)	0.25 (-0.02 to 0.53; 0.07)

Supplementary Table 3 Mean difference (95% CI; p-value) or RR (95% CI) between intervention and control groups after adjusting for minimisation variables

Supplementary Table 3 Mean difference (95% CI; p-value) or RR (95% CI) between intervention and control groups after adjusting for minimisation variables

Outcome measures	Difference between groups (baseline adjusted) or risk ratio			
	Month 3 minus month 0 (n=556)	Month 6 minus month 0 $(n=540)$	Month 12 minus month 0 (n=509)	
	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con	Int minus Con or Int relative to Con	
Falls efficacy scale (7-28) [§]	-0.26 (-0.64 to 0.12; 0.18)	-0.25 (-0.57 to 0.07; 0.12)	-0.36 (-0.74 to 0.02; 0.06)	
PANAS scale, (10-50)				
Positive Affect Score	-0.21 (-1.26 to 0.84; 0.70)	0.82 (-0.22 to 1.85; 0.12)	0.71 (-0.42 to 1.85; 0.22)	
Negative Affect Score	0.13 (-0.51 to 0.76; 0.69)	0.27 (-0.45 to 0.98; 0.47)	-0.04 (-0.72 to 0.64; 0.91)	
Modified Gait Efficacy Scale (10-100)*	0.10 (-1.29 to 1.48; 0.89)	1.56 (-0.004 to 3.13; 0.05)	1.26 (-0.11 to 2.63; 0.07)	
Risk-taking behaviour (5-20) [†]	0.12 (-0.15 to 0.39; 0.38)	0.25 (-0.03 to 0.53; 0.07)	-0.11 (-0.43 to 0.20; 0.48)	

Shaded row = co-primary outcome

[^]Minimisation variables: rural/ urban location, the cluster's socioeconomic status, and whether the cluster meeting purpose involved physical activity.

^an=515, ^bn=488

RR: Risk Ratio, Int=intervention group, Con= control group, CPM: Counts per minute, Incidental and Planned Exercise Questionnaire MVPA: Moderate to vigorous physical activity, BMI=Body Mass Index, PANAS: Positive and Negative Affect Schedule (Positive affect subscale score), COMPASS=composite scale of wellbeing.

*Accelerometer-based measures; #Risk ratio; \$Lower scores indicate better performance; Higher scores indicate lower levels of concerning about falls.